Financial Statements **December 31, 2015** 



February 19, 2016

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the Chairman and Members of Greater Moncton Wastewater Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Greater Moncton Wastewater Commission** which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Greater Moncton Wastewater Commission as at December 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

**Statement of Financial Position** 

As at December 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Financial assets		
Cash Operating Reserve funds (schedule II) Accounts receivable General Federal government and its agencies (note 3) Accrued interest receivable (schedule II) Investments (note 4 and schedule II)	3,920,946 5,440,726 30,604 33,359 108,065 30,075,000	5,475,082 4,239,045 24,686 55,049 89,765 23,000,000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	39,608,700	32,883,627
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Holdbacks payable	756,269 	1,090,349 94,491
	756,269	1,184,840
Net financial assets	38,852,431	31,698,787
Non-financial assets Tangible capital assets (note 8) Prepaid expenses and deposits	41,556,809 112,561 41,669,370	42,476,185 145,511 42,621,696
Accumulated surplus	80,521,801	74,320,483

Approved by the Board of Directors		
	Director	Director

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended December 31, 2015

	2015 Budget \$	2015 Actual \$	2014 Actual \$
Revenue	·	•	·
User fees			
City of Moncton	8,106,516	8,106,520	7,685,419
Town of Riverview City of Dieppe	1,636,716 2,280,420	1,636,720 2,280,420	1,583,055 2,274,739
Спу от Бієрре	12,023,652	12,023,660	11,543,213
Septic hauler and compost income	215,000	294,836	380,606
Interest income (schedule II)	470,850	600,329	539,101
	12,709,502	12,918,825	12,462,920
Expenses			
Plant and operating expenses	220 444	000 000	205 752
Easement and property taxes Salaries and benefits	336,444 1,694,125	629,039	325,753
Amortization of tangible capital assets	1,689,996	1,471,431 1,750,526	1,530,840 1,632,295
Electricity	598,425	552,890	564,950
Telephone	35,556	29,462	33,400
Insurance	188,062	184,470	180,878
Maintenance and operating	1,612,102	1,373,146	1,443,068
Consulting services	394,070	394,768	84,090
Vehicle expense	35,160	16,649	25,190
Miscellaneous	2,900,004	, <u> </u>	, <u> </u>
	9,483,944	6,402,381	5,820,464
General expenses			
Marketing and communications	100,344	47,797	135,443
Office expenses	24,429	22,861	18,304
Travel, training and education	58,252	36,839	32,239
Governance	72,492	19,930	19,694
Interest and bank charges	4,770	1,835	3,994
Professional fees and consulting	208,075	185,864	121,910
	468,632	315,126	331,584
Total expenses	9,952,306	6,717,507	6,152,048
Annual surplus	2,757,196	6,201,318	6,310,872
Accumulated surplus – beginning of year		74,320,483	68,009,611
Accumulated surplus – end of year		80,521,801	74,320,483
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Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

For the year ended December 31, 2015

	2015 Budget \$	2014 \$	2014 \$
Annual surplus	2,757,196	6,201,318	6,310,872
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	(13,713,727) 1,689,996 - - (12,023,731)	(831,150) 1,750,526 — — — 919,376	(2,139,899) 1,632,295 39,706 115,619 (352,279)
Change in prepaid expenses	(3,555)	32,950	(59,031)
Change in net financial assets	(9,270,090)	7,153,644	5,899,562
Net financial assets – Beginning of year	31,698,787	31,698,787	25,799,225
Net financial assets – End of year	22,428,697	38,852,431	31,698,787

**Statement of Cash Flows** 

For the year ended December 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Annual surplus Channa (malita) to income act involving and	6,201,318	6,310,872
Charges (credits) to income not involving cash Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on sale of tangible capital assets	1,750,526 	1,632,295 39,706
	7,951,844	7,982,873
Non-change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Decrease in holdback payable Decrease in deferred revenue	(2,528) 32,950 (334,080) (94,491)	377,968 (59,031) 434,256 (40,904) (2,789,963)
	7,553,695	5,905,199
Investing activities Purchase of investments, net of maturities Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets	(7,075,000) - (831,150)	(4,800,000) 115,619 (2,139,899)
	(7,906,150)	(6,824,280)
Net change in cash during the year	(352,455)	(919,081)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year	9,714,127	10,633,208
Cash and cash equivalents – End of year	9,361,672	9,714,127
Cash consist of: Cash in bank – operating Cash in bank – reserve funds	3,920,946 5,440,726	5,475,082 4,239,045
	9,361,672	9,714,127

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2015

## 1 Purpose of organization

The Greater Moncton Wastewater Commission (the "Commission") is incorporated and operates under the provisions of the Province of New Brunswick Municipalities Act and the Clean Environment Act. As a municipality, the Commission is exempt from income tax under section 149(1)(c) of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

The Commission operates a wastewater treatment plant, wastewater collection system and composting facility in the greater Moncton region and provides wastewater treatment for the cities of Moncton and Dieppe and the town of Riverview.

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the Commission are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) and reflect the accounting policies enumerated below.

The focus of PSAS financial statements is on the financial position of the Commission and the changes thereto. The Statement of Financial Position includes all of the assets and liabilities of the Commission.

#### Reporting entity

The financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures and changes in net debt and cash flows of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations and enterprises accountable for the administration of their affairs and resources to the Commission and which are owned or controlled by the Commission.

#### **Budget**

The budget figures contained in these financial statements were approved by the Commission on December 11, 2014 and submitted to the Minister of Local Government. Certain budget figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial presentation adopted for the current year.

#### **Revenue recognition**

The Commission recognizes revenues from user fees, septic hauler and compost income as the services are rendered or the goods are sold, the price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis and recorded in the statement of reserve fund balances as a direct increase to the reserve fund.

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**Notes to Financial Statements** 

For the year ended December 31, 2015

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with PSAS requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Commission's financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost with interest recorded in the statement of operations as earned.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a debtor will be unable to meet its obligations. The Commission conducts a thorough assessment of its debtors prior to granting credit and actively monitors the financial health of its debtors on a continuous basis. Credit risk arises primarily from cash, accounts receivable and investments. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk.

#### Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and cash in banks not subject to other restrictions.

#### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The Commission provides for amortization at rates designed to amortize the cost of the tangible capital assets over their estimated useful lives. Annually, amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Operations centre 10 - 60 years
Treatment facilities 5 - 60 years
Collection System 10 - 75 years
Fleet 5 - 20 years
Computer hardware and software 3 - 5 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2015

# 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Accrued sick leave

The Commission provides for sick leave that accumulates at 1.25 days per month worked for full-time employees. The employees can accumulate up to a maximum of 120 days. On retirement or resignation after being employed for at least 60 months, any employee having accrued sick leave will receive an allowance equal to fifty percent of the value at a rate of pay effective immediately prior to retirement or resignation.

The sick leave is an unfunded benefit. As such, there are no applicable assets. Benefits are paid out of general revenue as they come due. The unfunded liability at December 31, 2015 of \$147,571 (2014 - \$133,406) is recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

## 3 Due from Federal government and its agencies

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Canada Revenue Agency (HST refund)	33,359	55,049

#### 4 Investments

The details of the investments held by the Commission are as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Guaranteed investment certificate (2.14%, maturing November 2015)	_	10,000,000
Guaranteed investment certificate (2.14%, maturing November 2015)	_	5,000,000
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.50%, maturing October 2015)	_	4,995,000
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.60%, maturing July 2015)	_	3,000,000
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.50%, maturing October 2015)	_	5,000
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.85%, maturing July 2018)	5,000,000	_
Guaranteed investment certificate (2.04%, maturing November 2017)	15,000,000	_
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.60%, maturing October 2016)	5,075,000	_
Guaranteed investment certificate (1.82%, maturing May 2017)	5,000,000	
	30,075,000	23,000,000

(3)

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

For the year ended December 31, 2015

## 5 Short-term borrowings and compliance

#### **Short-term borrowings outstanding**

The Commission has obtained credit in the amount of \$50,000 for a credit card held with Bank of Montreal. The Commission has set the limit on the credit card at \$10,000. This credit card is unsecured and has interest at a rate of 18.4%. The Commission pays the balance owing on the credit card on a monthly basis.

## **Short-term borrowings compliance**

As of December 31, 2015, the Commission had no borrowings outstanding. As a result, the Commission was in compliance with all required municipal ratios noted below.

## <u>Interim borrowing for capital</u>

The Commission does not have any short term borrowing in excess of cash as of December 31, 2015.

## Operating borrowing

As prescribed in the Municipalities Act, the borrowing to finance its utility operations is limited to 50% of the Commission's operating budget. In 2015, the Commission has complied with these restrictions.

## **Inter-fund borrowing**

The Municipal Financial Reporting Manual requires that short-term inter-fund borrowings be repaid in the next year unless the borrowing is a capital project. The amounts payable between funds are in compliance with the requirements.

# 6 Post-employment benefits payable

The Commission sponsors an RRSP plan for substantially all its employees. The plan allows for RRSP contributions of 7% of employee salaries. The employee is not required to pay into the RRSP plan in order to obtain this benefit. There is no unfunded liability associated with this post-employment benefits payable.

#### 7 Accumulated surplus

The accumulated surplus noted on the statement of financial position is the result of the excess of revenue over expenditures from the commencement of the Commission's operations to the date of financial position. The accumulated surplus is made up of the following:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Net financial assets	38,852,431	31,698,787
Non-financial assets	41,669,370	42,621,696
	80,521,801	74,320,483

The net financial assets consist of cash flows necessary for day-to-day operations and reserve funds held for future capital expenditures. The non-financial assets consist of tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses that the Commission has purchased or had constructed as of the end of the year.

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Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2015

# 8 Tangible capital assets

		Operations	Treatment	Collection		Computer hardware and	Assets under	
	Land	centre	facilities	system	Fleet	software	construction	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost								
Balance – Beginning of year	517,785	2,743,575	48,032,918	33,499,545	1,591,732	68,997	2,468,348	88,922,900
Net additions during the year Disposals during the year	400 _	_ 	88,701 –	_ 	125,243 (34,022)	4,766 —	612,040 –	831,150 (34,022)
Balance – End of year	518,185	2,743,575	48,121,619	33,499,545	1,682,953	73,763	3,080,388	89,720,028
Accumulated amortization								
Balance – Beginning of year	_	2,271,852	30,947,884	12,626,274	593,806	6,899	_	46,446,715
Amortization during the year Accumulated amortization disposals	- -	49,267 -	1,105,703 -	472,241 -	108,863 (34,022)	14,452 -	- -	1,750,526 (34,022)
Balance – End of year	_	2,321,119	32,053,587	13,098,515	668,647	21,351	_	48,163,219
Net book value of tangible capital assets 2014	517,785	471,723	17,085,034	20,873,271	997,926	62,098	2,468,348	42,476,185
Net book value of tangible capital assets 2015	518,185	422,456	16,068,032	20,401,030	1,014,306	52,412	3,080,388	41,556,809

# 9 Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial position adopted for the current year.

Schedule of Regulatory Reporting Requirements For the year ended December 31, 2015

The Department of Local government of New Brunswick has requested disclosures in addition to Canadian public sector accounting standards for monitoring purposes. The Commission has provided these disclosure requirements in the following pages.

# I. Reconciliation of annual surplus

	General fund \$	Capital fund \$	Reserve fund \$	Total \$
2015 annual surplus	7,417,818	(1,750,526)	534,026	6,201,318
Adjustments to annual surplus for funding requirements Second previous year surplus Transfer from operating to capital Transfer from operating to reserve Amortization expense	5,063,164 (831,150) (7,760,955)	_ 831,150 _ 1,750,526	_ _ 7,760,955 _	5,063,164 - - 1,750,526
Total adjustments to 2015 annual surplus 2015 annual fund surplus	(3,528,941)	2,581,676 831,150	7,760,955 8,294,981	6,813,690

## II. Statement of reserve

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Capital reserve		
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash Accrued interest receivable Investments	5,440,726 108,065 30,075,000	4,239,045 89,765 23,000,000
Accumulated surplus	35,623,791	27,328,810
Revenue		
Interest Transfers from operating funds	534,026 7,760,955	490,406 —
Annual surplus	8,294,981	490,406

Schedule of Regulatory Reporting Requirements For the year ended December 31, 2015

# III. Operating budget to public sector accounting

	Operating \$	2014 \$	Transfers \$	Total \$
Revenue				
User fees	12,023,652	_	_	12,023,652
Interest and miscellaneous	685,850	_	_	685,850
	12,709,502	_	_	12,709,502
Expenses				
Plant and Operating Expense				
Easement and property taxes	336,444	_	_	336,444
Salaries and benefits	1,694,125	_	_	1,694,125
Amortization of tangible capital				
assets	_	1,689,996	_	1,689,996
Electricity	598,425	_	_	598,425
Telephone	35,556	_	_	35,556
Insurance	188,062	_	_	188,062
Maintenance and operating	1,612,102	_	_	1,612,102
Consulting services	394,070	_	_	394,070
Vehicle expense	35,160	_	_	35,160
Miscellaneous	2,900,004			2,900,004
	7,793,948	1,689,996		9,483,944
General				
Marketing and communications	100,344	_	_	100,344
Office expenses	24,429	_	_	24,429
Travel, training and education	58,252	_	_	58,252
Governance	72,492	_	_	72,492
Interest and bank charges Professional fees and	4,770	_	_	4,770
consulting	208,075	_		208,075
	468,362			468,362
Fiscal services				
Transfer from operating fund to				
capital fund	13,713,732	_	13,713,732	_
Transfer from operating fund to	10,710,702		10,710,702	
reserve fund	(4,203,376)	_	(4,203,376)	_
Second previous surplus	(5,063,164)	_	(5,063,164)	
ecosita proviosa carpiae	,		,	
	4,447,192	_	4,447,192	
	12,709,502	1,689,996	4,447,192	9,952,306
Annual surplus		(1,689,996)	4,447,192	2,757,196